



PCO Press

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Reduce Pesticide Exposure with Proper Gloves, Other PPE

According to the University of Nebraska-Lincoln, proper gloves are paramount as personal protective equipment.

The Agricultural Health Study has reported that wearing chemical-resistant gloves and changing your clothes after using pesticides may help prevent Parkinson's disease, a progressive nervous system disorder.



Chemical-resistant gloves are needed to mix, load, and apply pesticides, especially restricted use pesticides (RUPs). The best gloves are unlined, liquid-proof neoprene, butyl, PVC, Viton, barrier laminate, or nitrile with tops that extend well up on the forearm. Most are available in reusable pairs that can be cleaned after each mixing-loading task or pesticide application. Disposable nitrile gloves also are available in a variety of weights. Read more [here](#).

Pesticide Application Record Keeping

In accordance with the Pesticide Code, the Pesticide Control Office has the right to conduct a routine record inspection for any pesticide applications conducted within the GRIC boundaries.

Pesticide record keeping is very important, especially applications conducted near: residences, schools, livestock, waterways, and wildlife. Always be aware of the surroundings. Record keeping helps protect not only the environment but also your business. Below are a few examples of what a pesticide application record must contain:

- Who— customer;
- When— date;
- Where— location/site;
- What— crop/pest;
- Pesticide;
- Amount of pesticide applied;
- Name and certification number of the Applicator.



Depending on the Pesticide Use Permit obtained with the Pesticide Control Office, the above examples may vary for your regulated activity.

To find more details on your specific record keeping requirements, please refer to [Sections 18.320. through 18.323 of the Pesticide Code](#).

Pesticide Service Container Requirements

To ensure the contents of containers that are used to apply and store pesticides are identified, the Pesticide Code requires that all service containers (spray bottles/application tanks) must have a durable and legible label or tag with the following information:

- Name, e-mail address, if applicable, and telephone number of the applicator or custom applicator using the pesticide;
- Brand or trade name of the pesticide;
- EPA registration number;
- Name and percentage of the active Ingredient;
- Dilution, if any, in the service container;
- EPA-assigned signal word (danger, warning, or caution) for the registered label;
- The phrase **“KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.”**



For further information on regarding these requirements, please refer to [Section 18.332\(D\) of the Pesticide Code](#).

GRIC
Pesticide Control
Office

Community
Applicator
Training

To register for the
eLearning version of
the CA Training,
click [here](#).

SUGGESTIONS?

Your feedback and
ideas are welcome.
If you have a
suggestion for a
PCO Press topic,
please submit to:

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